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poultry and eggs

FPE 1–75
January 1975

WORLD TRADE IN EGGS AND POULTRY, 1972 AND 1973

World trade in eggs in 1973 was at its highest level in 5 years, while poultry trade was about unchanged from the high level of 1972, based on date for the eight most important egg and poultry importing countries.

Complete data for 1974 are not yet available. U.S figures for the first 10 months of 1974, however, may serve as partial indication: The volume of U.S. egg exports (in all forms) was up 50 percent from those of a year ago, while the volume of poultry meat exports (fresh and frozen) was up 17 percent. These increases, however, probably overstate changes in the world trade situation.

Trade in 1974 is marked by an availability of price-distressed poultry in Western Europe through most of the year, despite concerted efforts to adjust production. Because of this, attention has been given to markets previously of secondary importance, such as the Mideast, Cuba, and Chile.

Eggs

Trade in both shell and processed eggs to principal importing countries increased in 1973, returning to the upward trend of recent years that was interrupted in 1972.

Because some countries do not separately report dried, frozen, and liquid eggs, it is not clear if shell or processed eggs are more important in world trade.[1] (Shell includes eggs for hatching as well as for table use.) Of 1973 U.S. exports, 4 percent were shell eggs for table use; 32 percent, shell eggs for hatching; and 64 percent, processed (shell equivalent basis). The comparable value breakdown was 8 percent shell for table use, 70 percent shell for hatching, and 22 percent for processed. Generally, hatching eggs relatively are much more important in U.S. exports than in world trade. Also, dried egg accounts for a larger part of U.S. exports than liquid or frozen, but it is unclear whether this is also the situation for exporters shipping to nearby markets, such as within Europe.

By far, West Germany is the largest importer of shell eggs. However, 99 percent of West Germany's shell egg imports come from other European Community (EC) countries, particularly the Netherlands and Belgium. West Germany is also an importer of processed egg, of which more than 95 percent originates in other EC countries, principally the Netherlands.

For processed egg products, the Netherlands is both an importer—the sixth largest—and an exporter. The level of exports exceeds that of imports, indicating that the Netherlands ranks among the world's important shippers of egg products, along with Australia and the People's Republic of China (PRC).

Other important EC importers of eggs and products are Italy (both in the shell and processed); the United Kingdom (processed and, in 1973, shell also); and France (shell, but for 1973, in sharply reduced quantity from the 1972 level).

These countries demonstrated departures from the generalization that egg imports in most EC countries are largely accounted for by intra-EC trade. Italy received 15 percent of its 1973 shell egg imports from non-EC countries, principally those in Eastern Europe; over two-thirds of U.K. imports of processed eggs were from outside the EC, principally Australia, the PRC, and New Zealand; and the Netherlands received more than half its 1973 imports of processed egg from Finland, Switzerland, the PRC, and Czechoslovakia.

Outside the EC countries, Japan is the largest importer of processed eggs, and Hong Kong, of shell eggs. Australia is Japan's principal outside supplier, followed by the PRC, which is also the principal supplier for Hong Kong. During the years covered by this report, operation of Australia's egg price stabilization system provided considerable product for its exports of dried egg and frozen egg (egg pulp, or ''melange'').

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[1] Yields for these products from a 30-dozen case of eggs are 10.3 pounds of dried egg, or 39.5 pounds of liquid or frozen.

Poultry Meat

A continued high level of world trade in poultry meat during 1973 helped distribute a global increase in output. However, the degree of self-sufficiency in some importing countries rose in 1973. In most countries consumer demand for poultry was strong in response to higher prices for red meat, and per capita consumption increased as poultry industries, (except those in West Germany), in turn, increased production.[2]

West Germany continued as the largest import market in 1973, accounting for nearly 70 percent of the 862 million pounds imported by the 8 major import markets for which data are available. West Germany imported 598 million pounds in 1973, 3 percent below the 1972 level, for the first decline since 1967.

Other countries of the newly expanded EC supplied 506 million pounds—about 85 percent— of West Germany's 1973 imports. This was about 6 percent below shipments from the same countries in 1972, when Denmark, an important supplier, was not yet an EC member. Since entry into the Community, Denmark has increased exports to West Germany more than eight-fold, but still ranks behind France, Belgium-Luxembourg, and the Netherlands. Imports in 1973 from the Netherlands, the largest supplier, fell almost 9 percent. Shipments from the United States (mainly turkey meat) increased from almost 16 million pounds to 24 million in 1973. At this level, however, U.S. shipments to West Germany accounted for only about 4 percent of total imports—less than imports from either Poland or Hungary.

About 55 percent of West Germany's 1973 poultry consumption was from imports. Of the imports, about 80 percent originated in other EC countries, and thus did not carry import charges. In addition, West Germany exported about 9 percent of its 1973 poultry output.

U.K. poultry meat imports in 1973 declined 16 percent, to slightly less than 19 million pounds. Denmark and Ireland supplied about 76 percent. The United States, shipping 2.4 million pounds, was the largest non-EC supplier. At these levels of trade, the United Kingdom was almost 99 percent self-sufficient in its 1973 poultry consumption.

Poultry meat imports by Switzerland increased 10 percent in 1973, to 62 million pounds, compared with 56 million pounds in 1972. Imports from the United States fell from 12 million pounds in 1972 to 3 million pounds, following termination of the U.S. broiler export subsidy program. Swiss imports from the EC increased by 75 percent to 37 million pounds, with France and Denmark as the largest suppliers, but France and the Netherlands supplied practically all of the increase. Imports from Eastern Europe, which in 1972 exceeded those from the countries which have since joined the EC, declined slightly, and now are below those of the EC.

Austria imported 3 million pounds in 1973, about 8 percent above the 1972 level. Decreased imports from the EC and the United States were more than offset by larger shipments from Hungary.

Imports by Greece recovered in 1973, reaching 9 million pounds, compared to 3 million in 1972.

In 1973 imports of poultry meat by Japan declined 12 percent from the 1972 record of almost 65 million pounds. Substantially reduced imports from Bulgaria, Hungary, and Denmark more than offset greater purchases from the United States and the PRC.

Imports by Hong Kong increased 12 percent, to almost 75 million pounds. This gain was distributed among Hong Kong's suppliers, except the United States and Denmark, which, nevertheless, remain the second and third largest sources, after the PRC.

Singapore's poultry meat imports, largely from the EC, expanded significantly in 1973, but still are only 9 million pounds.

Available data, not included in the tables, indicate imports by Near Eastern countries also increased.

Outlook

World production of both poultry and eggs is expected to be down in 1975, compared with output for both 1973 and 1974, providing smaller available supplies of poultry meat and eggs for international trade. At the same time, other protein supplies such as beef and dairy products, are expected to continue to be abundant in 1975.

Prospects for a smaller volume of world trade in poultry and eggs are the result of worldwide concern in the industrialized countries (the principal importers of these commodities) over balance of payment problems because of heavy outlays for oil imports. Since these commodities can be produced domestically in some countries, even though possibly at greater cost, there may be a tendency toward greater self-sufficiency and reduced imports. Oil-rich nations of the world, where currency conservation is not important, may be an exception.

Indications are that trade with the EC countries (excluding intra-trade) is especially down. Imports of poultry meat to the EC are discouraged by high levels of protection, which were increased several times in late 1974. EC exports of poultry meat are likely to be down also, because the export subsidy was dropped for an indefinite period as of November 1, 1974. Without the export subsidy, sales to outlets other than nearby markets are likely to suffer. A sharp reduction of 50 percent in late 1974 in the EC egg export subsidy is likely to have a similar effect on trade.

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[2] World production and consumption of poultry meat during 1973 are reported in FPE 2–74, September 1974.

Table 1.--Shell eggs: Imports by major markets, 1968-73

(In millions of dozen)

Importers	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	19731/
Germany, West	130.7	148.1	174.0	191.8	198.9	235.0
Hong Kong	65.1	68.6	74.4	81.6	76.9	82.7
Switzerland	32.4	33.5	34.7	32.6	34.4	31.7
United Kingdom	20.4	17.5	17.1	12.4	1.5	25.9
Austria	23.5	23.5	27.4	23.1	24.0	23.6
Italy	23.4	33.9	14.6	20.6	19.9	16.0
France	17.9	25.3	36.3	35.0	31.1	9.5
Canada	8.7	9.0	6.9	4.5	6.9	7.0
Total	322.1	359.4	385.4	401.6	393.6	431.4
Percent change from previous year		+ 12	+ 7	+ 4	- 2	+ 10

1/ Preliminary.

Table 2.--Shell eggs: Imports by major markets and country of origin, 1972 and 1973

(In millions of dozen)

Country of origin	Canada		Austria		France		Germany, West		Italy		Switzerland		United Kingdom		Hong Kong		Total	
	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/
North America:																		
United States	6.9	6.9	0	0	(2/)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	7.2	7.4
Europe:																		
Belgium and Luxembourg	0	0	0.6	0.1	25.0	6.7	94.7	104.4	1.3	0	0.4	1.9	0	2.6	0	0	122.0	115.7
Denmark	0	0	.2	0	(2/)	.1	.1	2.4	0	0	.8	.3	0.5	4.5	0	0	1.6	7.3
France	0	0	.1	.4	0	0	3.6	11.2	0	0	1.5	2.0	(2/)	8.8	0	0	5.2	22.4
Germany, West	0	0	5.8	5.0	.5	.4	0	0	0	0	(2/)	.4	.5	.3	0	0	6.8	6.1
Ireland	0	0	(2/)	0	0	(2/)	0	0	0	0	0	0	.1	.1	0	0	.1	.1
Italy	0	0	0	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	.1	.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.1	.9
Netherlands	0	0	2.9	3.8	4.3	.8	96.7	113.0	2.3	2.2	.2	.2	(2/)	6.2	0	0	106.4	126.2
United Kingdom	(2/)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.4	.3	.6	.2	.3	2.1	.2	0	0	0	0	2.8	1.7
Total EC	(2/)	.1	9.7	9.4	29.9	8.4	195.5	232.5	3.8	2.5	5.0	5.0	1.1	22.5	0	0	245.0	280.4
Finland	0	0	.5	1.2	0	0	.1	.5	0	0	8.3	9.6	.2	1.8	0	0	9.1	13.1
Norway	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2/)	0	0	0	(2/)	0
Spain	0	0	0	.4	.8	(2/)	0	0	.6	0	3.1	1.9	0	0	0	0	4.5	2.3
Sweden	0	0	.5	.9	0	(2/)	.7	.1	0	0	.8	.6	.1	.1	0	0	2.1	1.7
Other	0	0	.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2/)	0	0	0	.1	.0
Total Western Europe	(2/)	.1	10.8	11.9	30.7	8.4	196.3	233.1	4.4	2.5	17.2	17.1	1.4	24.4	0	0	260.8	297.5
Bulgaria	0	0	.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.4	0
Czechoslovakia	0	0	1.7	1.3	0	0	2.2	1.1	0	0	1.0	.8	0	0	0	0	4.9	3.2
Hungary	0	0	5.8	5.7	0	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	1.6	2.0	2.1	1.8	0	0	0	0	9.5	9.5
Poland	0	0	2.3	2.4	.3	.8	0	.4	3.8	2.7	9.8	7.8	0	1.3	0	0	16.2	15.4
Romania	0	0	1.9	2.0	0	(2/)	0	.2	7.9	7.7	3.2	3.0	.1	0	0	0	13.1	12.9
Yugoslavia	0	0	1.0	.3	0	0	.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.1	.3
Total Eastern Europe	0	0	13.1	11.7	.3	.8	2.3	1.7	13.3	12.4	16.1	13.4	.1	1.3	0	0	45.2	41.3
Total Europe	0	.1	23.9	23.6	31.0	9.2	198.6	234.8	17.7	14.9	33.3	30.5	1.5	25.7	0	0	306.0	338.8
Africa:																		
South Africa, Republic of	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.5	1.2	0	0	1.6	2.1	2.1	3.3
Asia and Oceania:																		
Israel	0	0	.1	(2/)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.7	.2	.6	0	0	0	0	0	1.6	.4
Japan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.4	(2/)	.4	0
People's Republic of China	0	(2/)	0	0	0	(2/)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	66.5	74.4	66.5	74.4
Thailand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.4	2.9	5.4	2.9
Australia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.6	1.2	1.6	1.2
Other	(2/)	0	(2/)	0	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	0	0	0	0	0	(2/)	0	1.4	2.1	1.4	2.1
Total	(2/)	(2/)	.1	0	.1	.1	.1	.1	.7	.2	.6	0	0	0	75.3	80.6	76.9	81.0
Undesignated countries	0	0	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	.1	.1	(2/)	1.3	.6	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	.2	0	0	1.4	.9
Grand total	6.9	7.0	24.0	23.6	31.1	9.5	198.9	235.0	19.9	16.0	34.4	31.7	1.5	25.9	76.9	82.7	393.6	431.4

1/ Preliminary. 2/ Less than 50.000 dozen.

Table 3.--Egg products: Imports by major markets, 1968-73

(In thousands of pounds)

Importers	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973 1/
Japan	44,872	50,009	64,229	61,277	60,444	64,789
United Kingdom	28,147	34,393	24,866	37,678	17,143	27,171
Germany, West	18,130	19,771	20,106	20,590	20,047	23,817
Switzerland	13,890	14,159	16,605	14,791	15,539	19,324
Italy	15,516	13,843	11,443	11,741	16,135	16,885
Netherlands	17,722	11,843	10,438	6,552	6,433	12,015
Austria	3,677	4,489	4,436	4,046	5,312	6,178
Canada	3,119	3,677	5,431	3,066	1,590	1,270
Total	145,073	152,184	157,554	159,741	142,643	171,449
Percent change from previous year		+ 5	+ 4	+ 1	+ 11	+ 20

1/ Preliminary.

Table 4.--Egg products: Imports by major markets and country of origin, 1972-1973

(In thousands of pounds)

Country of origin	Canada		Austria		Germany, West		Italy		Netherlands		Switzerland		United Kingdom		Japan		Total	
	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/	1972	1973 1/
North America:																		
United States	718	175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	594	654	1,257	889	891	2,493	3,460	4,211
Europe:																		
Belgium and Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	546	829	4,919	3,495	0	0	0	0	0	679	0	0	5,465	5,003
Denmark	0	0	289	90	0	886	0	0	73	24	0	0	326	519	147	203	835	1,722
France	0	0	0	0	1,503	449	3,649	6,815	1,250	1,040	101	0	0	0	749	(2/)	7,252	8,304
Germany, West	160	33	97	272	0	0	1,269	707	2,041	3,621	199	954	484	1,635	256	15	4,506	7,237
Italy	0	0	0	0	80	0	0	0	128	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	208	110
Netherlands	190	337	172	445	16,152	20,571	3,093	2,782	0	0	3,192	3,792	4,586	5,603	516	704	27,901	34,234
United Kingdom	31	103	0	0	21	23	0	0	13	333	0	36	0	0	3,218	0	3,283	495
Total EC	381	473	558	807	18,302	22,758	12,930	13,799	3,505	5,128	3,492	4,782	5,396	8,436	4,886	922	49,450	57,105
Austria	0	100	0	0	134	98	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	134	220
Finland	0	0	143	217	0	221	0	0	1,720	1,804	1,111	1,033	859	110	220	0	4,053	3,385
Sweden	119	40	11	0	0	0	0	0	11	111	338	141	235	278	634	1,367	1,348	1,937
Switzerland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,193	0	0	0	155	0	0	0	1,348
Total Western Europe	500	613	712	1,024	18,436	23,077	12,930	13,799	5,236	8,258	4,941	5,956	6,490	8,979	5,740	2,289	54,985	63,995
Czechoslovakia	0	0	1,505	2,310	294	142	0	0	26	1,314	903	1,826	352	242	0	0	3,080	5,834
Hungary	0	0	200	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	217	0	0	0	0	312	251
Poland	0	0	902	1,162	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,873	4,021	423	202	1,167	1,335	6,365	6,720
Romania	0	0	515	298	0	0	0	468	0	297	1,263	1,628	0	0	98	11	1,876	2,702
Yugoslavia	0	0	441	491	0	88	0	0	106	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	547	603
Total Eastern Europe	0	0	3,563	4,295	294	230	0	468	132	1,635	6,151	7,692	775	444	1,265	1,346	12,180	16,110
Total Europe	500	613	4,275	5,319	18,730	23,307	12,930	14,267	5,368	9,893	11,092	13,648	7,265	9,423	7,005	3,635	67,165	80,105
Africa:																		
South Africa, Republic of	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	399	6,654	5,858	6,654	6,257
Asia and Oceania:																		
Hong Kong	162	111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	162	111
Israel	63	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	879	21
Japan	0	0	0	0	37	42	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	42
Peoples' Republic of China	99	117	1,036	859	1,277	427	688	1,609	211	1,902	2,919	125	1,039	551	9,030	15,255	16,299	20,845
Australia	35	209	0	0	0	0	229	0	0	141	856	3,810	4,182	11,956	30,585	34,643	35,887	50,759
New Zealand	10	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,934	1,268	6,279	2,905	9,223	4,190
Total	369	475	1,036	859	1,314	469	917	1,609	1,038	2,043	3,775	3,935	8,155	13,775	45,894	52,803	62,498	75,968
Undesignated countries	3	7	1	0	3	41	2,288	1,009	27	79	78	1,087	466	2,685	0	0	2,866	4,908
Grand total	1,590	1,270	5,312	6,178	20,047	23,817	16,135	16,885	6,433	12,015	15,539	19,324	17,143	27,171	60,444	64,789	142,643	171,449

1/ Preliminary.

Table 5.--Poultry meat 1/: Imports by major markets, 1968-1973

(In millions of pounds)

Importers	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973 2/
Germany, West	473.5	480.7	527.8	566.1	614.4	598.0
Hong Kong	43.2	46.9	63.0	63.7	66.8	74.5
Switzerland	48.9	53.4	54.9	52.4	56.4	62.0
Japan	35.7	44.3	23.6	59.9	64.6	57.1
Austria	29.5	28.3	30.9	26.8	30.7	33.1
United Kingdom 3/	19.0	9.7	13.9	24.3	22.6	18.9
Greece	17.0	16.5	9.0	5.5	4/ 2.9	4/ 9.3
Singapore	8.3	10.6	15.2	6.7	7.0	9.0
Total	675.1	690.4	738.3	805.4	865.4	861.9
Percent change from previous year		+ 2	+ 7	+ 9	+ 7	---

1/ Excludes canned poultry and livers. 2/ Preliminary. 3/ The portion imported from the United States includes canned poultry meat. 4/ Broiler meat only.

Table 6.--Poultry meat 1/: Imports by major markets and country of origin 1972 and 1973

(In millions of pounds)

Country of origin	Austria		Germany, West		Greece 2/		Switzerland		United Kingdom		Hong Kong		Japan		Singapore		Total	
	1972	1973 3/	1972	1973 3/	1972	1973 3/	1972	1973 3/	1972	1973 3/	1972	1973 3/	1972	1973 3/	1972	1973 3/	1972	1973 3/
North America:																		
Canada	(4/)	0.1	0.1	0.5	0	0	(4/)	0	0.7	(4/)	2.2	6.2	2.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	5.2	7.1
United States	1.1	.6	15.7	24.0	0.9	0.9	11.9	3.1	5/2.4	5/2.4	20.2	18.7	18.0	20.5	1.3	1.1	71.5	71.3
Total	1.1	.7	15.8	24.5	.9	.9	11.9	3.1	3.1	2.4	22.4	24.9	20.1	20.7	1.4	1.2	76.7	78.4
Europe:																		
Belgium and Luxembourg	.3	.2	45.5	33.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(4/)	0	0	0	0	45.8	33.4
Denmark	5.3	4.1	1.8	15.6	.3	4.7	9.1	9.5	10.0	7.9	9.1	8.1	6.0	4.0	3.4	4.2	45.0	58.1
France	.5	1.1	40.8	44.2	.8	2.3	10.0	18.6	0	0	.1	.2	.7	(4/)	0	0	52.9	66.4
Germany, West	4.7	3.9	0	0	0	.1	.8	1.1	0	0	3.9	4.9	0	(4/)	0	0	9.4	10.0
Ireland	0	0	0	(4/)	0	0	0	0	8.4	6.5	(4/)	0	0	0	0	0	8.4	6.5
Italy	(4/)	.1	1.5	2.0	0	0	1.0	.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.5	2.4
Netherlands	2.7	3.0	448.5	408.8	.1	1.2	.4	7.7	.2	.3	3.2	4.7	.5	.2	1.7	3.1	457.3	429.0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	1.6	0	0	(4/)	0	0	0	.5	.6	0	(4/)	(4/)	.1	.5	2.3
Total EC	13.5	12.4	538.1	505.4	1.2	8.3	21.3	37.2	18.6	14.7	16.8	18.5	7.2	4.2	5.1	7.4	621.8	608.1
Other	0	0	(4/)	.1	0	0	(4/)	(4/)	0	0	0	.1	0	(4/)	0	0	(4/)	.2
Total Western Europe	13.5	12.4	538.1	505.5	1.2	8.3	21.3	37.2	18.6	14.7	16.8	18.6	7.2	4.2	5.1	7.4	621.8	608.3
Bulgaria	.3	0	.5	0	.8	0	.2	.2	0	0	0	0	11.0	5.2	0	0	12.8	5.4
Czechoslovakia	3.7	2.9	2.5	4.4	0	0	3.1	3.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9.3	10.5
Hungary	11.9	16.5	22.9	28.5	0	0	19.3	17.1	0	0	0	.1	10.6	6.2	0	0	64.7	68.4
Poland	.1	.2	32.7	32.6	(4/)	0	.5	.6	.6	1.0	.7	.8	.1	0	0	0	34.7	35.2
Romania	0	.3	.7	.6	0	0	0	.3	0	0	0	0	0	.5	0	0	.7	1.7
Yugoslavia	0	0	.9	.7	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.9	.7
Total Eastern Europe	16.0	19.9	60.2	66.8	.8	0	23.1	21.4	.6	1.0	.7	.9	21.7	11.9	0	0	123.1	121.9
Total Europe	29.5	32.3	598.3	572.3	2.0	8.3	44.4	58.6	19.2	15.7	17.5	19.5	28.9	16.1	5.1	7.4	744.9	730.2
Africa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(4/)	.2	(4/)	(4/)	0	0	(4/)	.2
Asia:																		
Japan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.3	2.7	0	0	0	0	1.3	2.7
People's Republic of China	0	0	.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24.8	25.6	15.6	19.6	.5	.4	41.0	45.6
Other	.1	.1	(4/)	.9	0	0	.1	.3	0	0	(4/)	(4/)	(4/)	.6	(4/)	0	.2	1.9
Total	.1	.1	.1	.9	0	0	.1	.3	0	0	26.1	28.3	15.6	20.2	.5	.4	42.5	50.2
Oceania	0	0	0	0	0	.1	0	0	0	0	.8	1.6	(4/)	(4/)	(4/)	(4/)	.8	1.7
Undesignated countries	(4/)	0	.2	.3	0	0	(4/)	(4/)	.3	.8	0	0	0	.1	0	0	.5	1.2
Grand total	30.7	33.1	614.4	598.0	2.9	9.3	56.4	62.0	22.6	18.9	66.8	74.5	64.6	57.1	7.0	9.0	865.4	861.9

1/ Excludes canned poultry and livers. 2/ Broiler meat only. 3/ Preliminary. 4/ Less than 50,000 pounds. 5/ Includes canned poultry meat.

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